

8505 LOCAL WELLNESS POLICY/NUTRIENT STANDARDS FOR
MEALS AND OTHER FOODS

Preamble

Whereas, children need access to healthful foods and opportunities to be physically active in order to grow, learn, and thrive;

Whereas, good health fosters student attendance and education;

Whereas, obesity rates have doubled in children and tripled in adolescents over the last two decades, and physical inactivity and excessive calorie intake are the predominant causes of obesity;

Whereas, heart disease, cancer, stroke, and diabetes are responsible for two-thirds of deaths in the United States, and major risk factors for those diseases, including unhealthy eating habits, physical inactivity, and obesity, often are established in childhood;

Whereas, nearly one in two Trenton children (6 to 18 years) are overweight or obese;

Whereas, Trenton pre-school age children (2-5 years) have the highest rate of childhood obesity in the nation,

Whereas, the vast majority (86%) of 3-18 year old children in Trenton do not eat vegetables 3 times a day, as recommended by DHSS;

Whereas, 66% of 3-18 year olds in Trenton do not meet the recommended minimum of 60 minutes of daily physical activity;

Whereas, school districts around the country are facing significant fiscal and scheduling constraints; and

Whereas, community participation is essential to the development and implementation of successful school wellness policies;

Thus, the Trenton Public School District is committed to providing school environments that promote and protect children's health, well-being, and ability to learn by supporting healthy eating and physical activity. Therefore, it is the policy of the Trenton Public School District that:

- The school district will engage students, parents, teachers, food service professionals, health professionals, and other interested community members in developing, implementing, monitoring, and reviewing district-wide nutrition and physical activity policies.
- All students in grades K-12 will have opportunities, support, and encouragement to be physically active on a regular basis.

- Foods and beverages sold or served at school will meet the nutrition recommendations of the most current U.S. Dietary Guidelines for Americans.
- Qualified child nutrition professionals will provide students with access to a variety of affordable, nutritious, and appealing foods that meet the health and nutrition needs of students; will accommodate the religious, ethnic, and cultural diversity of the student body in meal planning; and will provide clean, safe, and pleasant settings and adequate time for students to eat.
- To the maximum extent practicable, all schools in our district will participate in available federal school meal programs (including the School Breakfast Program, National School Lunch Program [including after-school snacks], Summer Food Service Program, Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Snack Program, and Child and Adult Care Food Program [including suppers]). Where applicable, the district will provide information to public regarding any summer food service program.
- Schools will provide nutrition education and physical education to foster lifelong habits of healthy eating and physical activity, and will establish linkages between health education and school meal programs, with related community services.

Key Definitions within Policy

School Day: the time between midnight the night before to 30 minutes after the end of the instructional day.

Extended School Day: the time during, before and after school that includes activities such as clubs, intramural sports, band and choir practice, drama rehearsals and more.

School Campus: all areas that are owned or leased by the school and used at any time for school-related activities, including on the outside of the school building, school buses or other vehicles used to transport students, athletic fields and stadiums (e.g., on scoreboards, coolers, cups, and water bottles), or parking lots.

FSMC: Food Services Management Company

HHFKA: The Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010

TO ACHIEVE THESE POLICY GOALS:

District Wellness Council / School Wellness Committees

The district will establish a District Wellness Council (DWC). The DWC will:

1. The DWC will include representatives of central administration and school-based staff. The offer to participate in the DWC shall be extended to students, parents, institutional

partners, and community-based organizations. The DWC will encourage volunteers to serve as liaisons to throughout the district and

- a. Meet at least four times per year to establish goals for and oversee school health and safety policies and programs, including development, implementation, and periodic review and update of the district-wide Wellness Policy.
 - b. The Principal or School Wellness Policy Coordinator will coordinate information being disseminated to students and parents promoting the school lunch program, nutrition, and nutrition education.
2. The school district will celebrate a School Wellness Day, as determined by the Superintendent of Schools, where schools will have special activities throughout the day to promote nutrition and physical activity. These special activities will be planned and coordinated by each school's Principal and/or School Wellness Policy Coordinator.
 3. The Principal and/or School Wellness Policy Coordinator will encourage fund-raising activities that promote physical activity such as walk-a-thons, teacher-student activity competitions, family activity nights, and school dances.

The District Wellness Council will be comprised of a school wellness committee member from each school as well as central administration staff.

School Wellness Committees

Each school within the district will be encouraged to create, strengthen, or work within existing School Wellness Committees (SWC) to develop and monitor plans for implementing the District Wellness Policy (DWP) at their site. The committees will also serve as resources to school sites for implementing, monitoring, and assessing those policies. A SWC consists of a group of individuals representing the school and community, and can include parents, students, and representatives of the school food authority, members of the school board, school administrators, teachers, health professionals, and members of the public.

Within each school, the principal will be accountable for ensuring compliance with the DWP at the school. The principal will cooperate with the district staff members charged with annual monitoring of implementation of the DWP and State and Federal regulations in following the procedures and reporting requirements set by the district.

Promotion of District Wellness Policy

The District will promote the DWP within the school community. The District will ensure that the DWP can be readily and easily accessed on its website.

Updates to the DWP will be communicated via district website.

District Coordinator

1. The District Wellness Policy Coordinator shall be available to consult with school-based administrators, staff members, and the School Wellness Policy Coordinator(s) on the district's Wellness Policy.
2. The District Wellness Policy Coordinator shall also be responsible to ensure parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, the Board of Education, school administrators, and the general public are permitted to participate in the development, implementation, review, and update of this Wellness Policy.
3. The District Wellness Policy Coordinator shall be responsible to inform and update the public (including parents, students, and others in the community) about the content, implementation, updates and implementation status of the district's Wellness Policy through the district's website, school publications, and/or other school communications made available to the public.
4. The information and update shall provide as much information as possible about the school nutrition environment, including a summary of the events and activities related to the Wellness Policy implementation in the school district.

Records

1. The DWC shall ensure records are maintained to document compliance with the requirements of the District Wellness Policy. Such records will include, but not be limited to:
 - a. The Board-approved Wellness Policy;
 - b. Documentation demonstrating the Policy has been made available to the public;
 - c. Documentation of the efforts made in the school district to review and update the Policy;
 - d. Documentation demonstrating compliance with the annual public notification requirements;
 - e. Documentation demonstrating the most recent assessment on Policy implementation; and
 - f. Documentation demonstrating the most recent assessment on the implementation of the School Wellness Policy has been made available to the public.

Nutritional Quality of Foods and Beverages Sold and Served on Campus

1. Nutrition Guidelines for All Foods and Beverages

- a. The Board of Education requires each school in the district to comply with the Federal school meal nutrition standards and the Smart Snacks in accordance with the requirements HHFKA. The nutritional standards shall apply to all foods and beverages sold in each school in the district as part of the menu pattern meal, a la carte, in school stores, snack bars, or vending machines. The requirements for any food or beverages sold in schools must meet a range of calorie and nutrient requirements as outlined in the HHFKA and a smart snack calculator shall be on file in each school for each product sold.
- b. The school district will comply with the HHFKA beverage requirements and beverage portion requirements for each appropriate grade level. Each school will make potable water available to children at no charge in the place where breakfast, lunch, and afterschool snacks are served during meal service.
- c. On-campus fundraisers involving food or beverage items must meet the Smart Snack standards of the HHFKA. The nutrition standards of the HHFKA do not apply to non-school hours, weekends, and off-campus fundraising events. The United States Department of Agriculture defines school day as starting from midnight to thirty minutes after the end of the school day. Fundraisers involving the sale of food or beverages must be pre-approved by the Principal or designee and the DWC.

2. Breakfast

To ensure that all children have breakfast, either at home or at school, in order to meet their nutritional needs and enhance their ability to learn:

- a. FSMC and Schools will operate the Expanded School Breakfast Program.
- b. Schools along with FSMC will utilize methods to serve school breakfasts that encourage participation, including those that conform Breakfast After the Bell legislation such as serving breakfast in the classroom, “grab-and-go” breakfast, or coordinating bus schedules to allow time for breakfast.
- c. Schools that serve breakfast to students will notify parents and students of the availability of the School Breakfast Program.
- d. Schools will encourage parents to provide a healthy breakfast for their children through newsletter articles, take-home materials, or other means.

Availability of and Access to Safe Drinking Water

The school district will ensure that safe drinking water is readily accessible to all students and staff throughout the school day, during afterschool school and before school activities. Equipment providing free drinking water (water fountains, bubblers, etc.) shall be regularly tested to ensure that water provided

meets US Department of Environmental Protection EPA standards for potable drinking water for children and youth. Current NJ Department of Education regulations require testing once every three years, beginning in the 2021-2022 school year.

Free and Reduced-priced Meals

FSMC and Schools will make every effort to eliminate any social stigma attached to, and prevent the overt identification of, students who are eligible for free and reduced-price school meals. Toward this end, schools may utilize electronic identification and payment systems; provide meals at no charge to all children, regardless of income; promote the availability of school meals to all students; and/or use nontraditional methods for serving school meals, such as “grab-and-go” or classroom breakfast.

Summer Food Service Program

The District will advertise summer food service locations before the end of each school year as they are made available by the State of New Jersey. Meals for the summer food services program are provided by the City of Trenton.

See link: http://www.state.nj.us/agriculture/divisions/fn/childadult/summer_food.html

Meal Times and Scheduling

Schools:

- will provide students with at least 10 minutes to eat after sitting down for breakfast and 20 minutes after sitting down for lunch;
- should schedule meal periods at appropriate times;
- should not schedule tutoring, club, or organizational meetings or activities during mealtimes, unless students may eat during such activities;
- will provide students access to hand washing or hand sanitizing before they eat meals or snacks; and
- should take reasonable steps to accommodate the tooth-brushing regimens of students with special oral health needs (e.g., orthodontia or high tooth decay risk).

Qualifications of School Food Service Staff

Qualified nutrition professionals or the food service vendor will administer the school meal programs. The food service program will operate a food service program, we will provide continuing professional development for all food service staff in schools. Staff development programs should include appropriate certification and/or training programs for child nutrition directors, school nutrition managers, and cafeteria workers, according to their levels of responsibility.

All school nutrition program directors, managers, and staff will meet or exceed hiring standards and receive annual continuing education/training requirements in the USDA professional standards for child nutrition professionals (<https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/professional-standards>). These school nutrition personnel will refer to USDA's Professional Standards for School Nutrition Standards website (<https://professionalstandards.fns.usda.gov/>) to search for training that meets their learning needs.

Sharing of Foods and Beverages

Schools should discourage students from sharing their foods or beverages with one another during meal or snack times, given concerns about communicable diseases, allergies and other restrictions on some children's diets.

Foods of Minimal Nutritional Value (FMNV) defined by USDA

1. Meals served through the USDA National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs will:
 - meet, at a minimum, nutrition requirements established by local, state, and federal statutes and regulations; <https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/nutrition-standards-school-meals>
 - offer a variety of fruits and vegetables;
 - serve only low-fat (1%) and fat-free milk and nutritionally-equivalent non-dairy alternatives (to be defined by the USDA);
 - ensure that at least half of the served grains are whole grain;
 - offer foods appealing and attractive to children;
 - serve meals in clean and pleasant settings;
 - reduce and/or eliminate exposure of children to potentially harmful residues of toxic agricultural chemicals, such as pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers, waxes, and fungicides, by increasing the purchase of foods that are grown locally and sustainably and without the use of toxic chemicals.
 - reduce and/or eliminate, whenever possible, foods exposed to potentially harmful food additives and processes, such as bovine growth hormone, irradiation, high fructose corn syrup, excessive salt, artificial flavors and colors, hydrogenated oils (trans fats), preservatives, and genetic modification; and
 - promote healthy nutrition and healthy beverage consumption (i.e., Smarter Lunchroom Techniques).

2. Foods and Beverages Sold Individually

Recommendations added for section titled Foods and Beverages Sold Individually (i.e., foods sold outside of reimbursable school meals, such as through vending machines, cafeteria a la carte [snack] lines, fundraisers, school stores, etc.) should meet or exceed National School Lunch Program regulations, Smart Snacks in School regulations and be based on district student health needs. Specifically, per USDA guidelines, no products containing caffeine shall be offered for sale to elementary and middle school students. In addition, no diet drinks or soda shall be offered for sale to elementary and middle school students.

3. Fundraising Activities

Fundraisers involving the sale of food or beverages are not allowed during the school day or extended school day. The District will make available to parents and teachers a list of healthy fundraising ideas [examples from the Alliance for a Healthier Generation and the USDA]. Schools will encourage fundraising activities that promote physical activity. The school district will make available a list of ideas for acceptable fundraising activities.

4. Snacks

Snacks served during the school day, in after-school care, or enrichment programs will make a positive contribution to children's diets and health, with an emphasis on serving fruits and vegetables as the primary snacks and water as the primary beverage. Schools will assess if and when to offer snacks based on timing of school meals, children's nutritional needs, children's ages, and other considerations. The district will disseminate a list of healthful snack items to teachers, after-school program personnel, and parents.

Schools should use the USDA Smart Snacks Resources: <https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/toolsschools-focusing-smart-snacks> or Link for Guide to Smart Snacks: <https://fnsprod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/tn/USDASmartSnacks.pdf> as a guide for selecting all snacks provided or sold at the school when students are present.

- a. All eligible elementary schools, those with greater than 50% free and reduced price lunch participation, should apply for the USDA Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program grant. Students can have the opportunity to obtain healthful fresh fruit and vegetable snacks throughout the school year. This program also includes nutrition education and parent engagement so that increasing fresh fruit and vegetable consumption can be modeled at home.
- b. If eligible, schools that provide snacks through after-school programs will pursue receiving reimbursements through the National School Lunch Program.

5. Rewards and Punishment

Schools and staff will not use foods or beverages, especially those that do not meet the nutrition standards for foods and beverages sold individually (above), as rewards for academic performance or good behavior, and will not withhold food or beverages (including food served through school meals) as a punishment.

6. Celebrations

Serving of foods prepared and brought by other sources into the classroom or school is prohibited. Food for classroom (and school) celebrations must be provided through the District's FSMC. The district will make available a list of healthy party ideas to parents and teachers.

7. School-sponsored Events (such as, but not limited to, athletic events, dances, or performances)

The Trenton School District requires that foods and beverages offered or sold at school sponsored events outside the school day will follow NJ State guidelines in regards to foods of minimal nutritional value.

The district's FSMC, in partnership with the schools, should engage students and parents in selecting foods sold through the school meal programs in order to identify new, healthful, and appealing food choices. This engagement should include taste tests of new entrees, fruits and vegetables conducted at various times throughout the year and surveys conducted annually. In addition, the district can share information about the nutritional content of meals with parents and students upon request.

Such information will be made available on the district website, cafeteria menu boards, placards, or other point-of-purchase materials.

Nutrition and Physical Activity Promotion and Food Marketing

The Trenton Public School District aims to teach, encourage, and support healthy eating by students. Schools will provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that:

- is offered at each grade level as part of a sequential, comprehensive, standards-based program designed to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to promote and protect their health;
- is offered through a physical education curriculum aligned and consistent with New Jersey state standards for physical education;
- as initiated and determined by the teacher, nutrition education and promotion is part of not only health education classes, but also classroom instruction in subjects such as math, science, language arts, social sciences, and elective subjects;
- includes enjoyable, developmentally-appropriate, culturally-relevant, participatory activities, such as contests, promotions, taste testing, farm visits, and school gardens and intentionally links with school meal programs, cafeteria nutrition promotion activities, school gardens, Farm to School programs, other school foods and nutrition-related community services;
- teaches media literacy with an emphasis on food and beverage marketing;
- promotes fruits, vegetables, whole grain products, low-fat and fat-free dairy products, healthy food preparation methods, and health-enhancing nutrition practices;
- emphasizes caloric balance between food intake and energy expenditure (physical activity/exercise);

- links with school meal programs, other school foods, and nutrition-related community services;

The district shall provide sufficient professional development about physical education, physical activity, and nutrition to all district teachers and other appropriate staff to ensure that teachers provide a similar education and information to students across the district.

Integrating Physical Activity into the Classroom and Afterschool Settings

For students to receive the nationally-recommended amount of daily physical activity (i.e., at least 60 minutes per day) and for students to fully embrace regular physical activity as a personal behavior, students need opportunities for physical activity beyond physical education class. Toward that end:

- classroom health education will complement physical education by reinforcing the knowledge and self-management skills needed to maintain a physically-active lifestyle and to reduce time spent on sedentary activities, such as watching television;
- as initiated and determined by the teacher, opportunities for physical activity will be incorporated into other subject lessons; and
- classroom teachers will provide short physical activity breaks between lessons or classes, as appropriate.
- Request for Proposals (RFP) for afterschool programs held in Trenton Public Schools must include a physical activity component.

Each school shall develop, implement, and regularly assess a Comprehensive School Physical Activity Plan.

Resources link: <https://www.cdc.gov/healthyschools/physicalactivity/cspap.htm>

Communications with Parents

The district/school will support parents' efforts to provide a healthy diet and daily physical activity for their children. The district/school will offer healthy eating seminars for parents, send home nutrition information, post nutrition tips on school websites, and provide nutrient analyses of school menus. Schools should encourage parents to pack healthy lunches and snacks and to refrain from including beverages and foods that do not meet the above nutrition standards for individual foods and beverages. The district/school will provide parents a list of foods that meet the district's snack standards and ideas for healthy celebrations/parties, rewards, and fundraising activities. In addition, the district/school will provide opportunities for parents to share their healthy food practices with others in the school community.

Parents will be given the option of purchasing approved food and beverages for celebrations/parties through the school FSMC. Foods prepared at home for celebrations/parties are not allowed due to State regulations and allergy concerns.

Fundraising activities sponsored by PTOs involving foods or beverages shall also comply with district nutritional standards.

The district/school will provide information about physical education and other school-based physical activity opportunities before, during, and after the school day; and support parents' efforts to provide their children with opportunities to be physically active outside of school. Such supports will include sharing information about physical activity and physical education through a website, newsletter, or other take-home materials, special events, or physical education homework.

Food Marketing in Schools

Food and beverage marketing is defined as advertising and other promotions in schools. Food and beverage marketing often includes an oral, written, or graphic statements made for the purpose of promoting the sale of a food or beverages made by the producers, manufacturer, seller or any other entity with a commercial interest in the product.

School-based marketing will be consistent with nutrition education and health promotion. As such, schools will limit food and beverage marketing to the promotion of foods and beverages that meet the nutrition standards for meals or for foods and beverages sold individually (above). School-based marketing of brands promoting predominantly low-nutrition foods and beverages is prohibited. The promotion of healthy foods, including fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and low-fat dairy products is encouraged.

Examples of marketing techniques include the following: logos and brand names on/in vending machines, books or curricula, textbook covers, school supplies, scoreboards, school structures, and sports equipment; educational incentive programs that provide food as a reward; programs that provide schools with supplies when families buy low-nutrition food products; in-school television, such as Channel One; free samples or coupons.

Marketing activities that promote healthful behaviors (and are therefore allowable) include: vending machine covers promoting water; pricing structures that promote healthy options in *a la carte* lines or vending machines; and coupons for discount gym memberships.

Any foods and beverages marketed or promoted to students on the school campus during the School Day/Extended School Day will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, such that only those foods that comply with or exceed those nutrition standards are permitted to be marketed or promoted to students.

Staff Wellness

The Trenton Public School District highly values the health and well-being of every staff member and will plan and implement activities and policies that support personal efforts by staff to maintain a healthy lifestyle. Each school will establish and maintain a wellness committee that will include staff wellness as an important component of overall wellness. The committee should develop, promote, and oversee a multifaceted plan to promote staff health and wellness. Efforts will be coordinated with the FSMC and community-based organizations to support staff wellness. The plan should be based on input solicited

from school staff and should outline ways to encourage healthy eating, physical activity, and other elements of a healthy lifestyle among school staff.

Physical Activity Opportunities and Physical Education

1. Daily Physical Education (P.E.) K-12

All students in grades K-12, including students with disabilities, special health-care needs, and in alternative educational settings, will receive daily physical education (or its equivalent of 150 minutes/week for elementary school students and 225 minutes/week for middle and high school students) for the entire school year. All physical education will be taught by a certified physical education teacher. Student involvement in other activities involving physical activity (e.g., interscholastic or intramural sports) will not be substituted for meeting the physical education requirement. Students will spend at least 50 percent of physical education class time participating in moderate to vigorous physical activity.

All students will be provided equal opportunity to participate in physical education classes. The District will make appropriate accommodations to allow for equitable participation for all students and will adapt physical education classes and equipment as necessary.

2. Daily Recess

- a. All elementary school students will have at least 20 minutes a day of supervised recess, preferably outdoors, during which schools should encourage moderate to vigorous physical activity verbally and through the provision of space and equipment.
- b. Schools should discourage extended periods (i.e., periods of two or more hours) of inactivity. When activities, such as mandatory school-wide testing, make it necessary for students to remain indoors for long periods of time, schools should give students periodic breaks during which they are encouraged to stand and be moderately active.

3. Physical Activity Opportunities Before and After School

- a. All elementary, middle, and high schools will offer extracurricular physical activity programs, such as physical activity clubs or intramural programs when funding allows. All high schools, and middle schools as appropriate, will offer interscholastic sports programs. Schools will offer a range of activities that meet the needs, interests, and abilities of all students, including boys, girls, students with disabilities, and students with special health-care needs.
- b. After-school child care and enrichment programs will provide and encourage – verbally and through the provision of space, equipment, and activities – daily periods of moderate to vigorous physical activity for all participants, as identified

in the Request for Proposals see Integrating Physical Activity into the Classroom and Afterschool Settings.

4. Physical Activity and Punishment

Teachers and other school and community personnel will not use physical activity (e.g., running laps, pushups) or withhold opportunities for physical activity (e.g., recess, physical education) as punishment. This does not include high school athletic sports teams and JROTC.

Safe Routes to School

The school district will assess and, if necessary and to the extent possible, make needed improvements to make it safer and easier for students to walk and bike to school. When appropriate, the district will work together with local public works, public safety, and/or police departments in those efforts. The school district will participate in securing federal “safe routes to school” funds, administered by the state department of transportation, to finance such improvements. The school district will encourage students to use public transportation when available and appropriate for travel to school, and will work with the local transit agency to provide transit passes for students.

Use of School Facilities Outside of School Hours

School spaces and facilities will be available to students, staff, and community members during non-school hours, in accordance with current safety regulations. Signage should be posted indicating hours of operation and space/facility rules. Hours of operation may vary depending upon afterschool programming. Use of indoor facilities after dusk will be at the discretion of the Trenton Board of Education in accordance with District Policy 7510. In addition, these spaces and facilities will at cost be available to community agencies and organizations offering physical activity and nutrition programs. School policies concerning safety will apply at all times.

Implementation, Monitoring and Policy Review

Implementation

The district will develop a process to manage and coordinate the implementation of the wellness policy.

Upon approval, the current wellness policy will be published on the district’s website. Through regular communication the district will ensure that staff, families and students have sufficient knowledge of and access to the wellness policy.

Monitoring

- a. The Superintendent or designee will ensure compliance with established districtwide nutrition and physical activity wellness policies. In each school, the Principal or designee will ensure compliance with those policies in his/her school

and will report on the school's compliance to the school district Superintendent or designee.

- b. School food service staff, at the school or district level, will ensure compliance with nutrition policies within school food service areas and will report on this matter to the Superintendent (or if done at the school level, to the school Principal).
- c. The Superintendent or designee will provide reports and assessments in compliance with the Federal and State regulations, based on input from schools within the district. That report will be provided to the school board and also distributed to all school wellness committees, parent/teacher organizations, school Principals, and school health service personnel in the district.

Annual School Progress Report

- a. The goals for nutrition promotion, nutrition education, physical activity, and other school-based activities that promote student wellness shall be evaluated annually by the Principal or designee of each school and the School Wellness Policy Coordinator in an Annual School Progress Report provided to the Superintendent of Schools before May 1.
- b. The Annual School Progress Report shall present the extent to which each school is in compliance with this Policy, the progress made in attaining the goals of this Policy, any recommended changes to this Policy, and an action plan for the following school year to achieve the school's annual goals and objectives.

Annual District Summary Progress Report

- a. Upon receiving the Annual School Progress Report from each school, the DWC will compile an Annual District Summary Progress Report to be presented to the Superintendent and Board of Education at a public meeting before May 30 of the current school year. The public will be provided an opportunity to review and comment on the Annual District Summary Progress Report at the Board meeting.
- b. Revisions to this Policy will be recommended by the Superintendent or designee to be approved by the Board of Education before September 30 of each school year.
- c. The DWC will present this assessment to the Board of Education at a public Board meeting, make such assessment available to the public, and recommend any updates to the Policy accordingly.

Policy Review

The DWC will prepare an assessment of the district's Wellness Policy in accordance with the requirements of the United States and New Jersey Departments of Agriculture on the extent to which the school(s) in the district are in compliance with the district's Wellness Policy, the extent to which the district's Wellness

Policy compares to model school wellness policies, and a description of the progress made in attaining the goals outlined in the district's Wellness Policy.

To advance implementation of the district's wellness policies, *each school in the district will conduct a baseline assessment of the school's existing nutrition and physical activity environments and policies.* The results of those school-by-school assessments will be compiled at the district level to identify and prioritize needs.

In addition to annual review of implementation, a comprehensive assessment of the DWP shall be conducted every three years to help gauge policy compliance, assess progress, and determine areas in need of improvement. As part of that review, the school district will:

- review its nutrition and physical activity policies and program elements; and
- work toward ensuring the provision of an environment that supports healthy eating and physical activity;
- The district, and individual schools within the district, will, as necessary, revise the wellness policies and develop work plans to facilitate their implementation.

The DWC will make recommendations to update or modify the wellness policy based on the results of the annual School Health Index and interim assessments and/or as District priorities change; community needs change; wellness goals are met; new health science, information, and technology emerges; and new Federal or state guidance or standards are issued.

EXAMPLE: Elements of Annual Report on Implementation of District Wellness Policy

- Summary of District Wellness Council activity (including composition, meetings, major initiatives, publication/promotion of DWP elements to district and broader community, general assessment of implementation of DWP at district and school levels).
- Status of School Wellness Councils (number active; number holding minimum meetings established in policy; number having active membership composition complying with policy recommendations)
- Certification by District and FSMC that
 - meals meet USDA and state nutritional standards
 - staff are appropriately certified
 - all staff have received required annual training
 - number and percentage of students provided meals
- Summary of compliance with policy concerning handwashing
- Summary of compliance with policy concerning food marketing in schools
- Summary of effectiveness of steps taken to promote nutrition and physical activity within schools
- Summary of effectiveness of efforts to integrate physical activity in classroom and afterschool settings
- Summary of physical activity opportunities:
 - Percentage of students assigned to minimum hours of physical education classes
- Number of schools documenting that:
 - Food is not used as a reward or withholding of food is not used as a punishment

- Physical activity (including recess) is not used as a reward or as a punishment
- Summary of district efforts to support inclusion in and implementation of Safe Routes to School initiatives
- Summary of efforts to promote staff wellness including examples at the district and school level and the number and percentage of school staff using the programs and opportunities provided.

Publication/Dissemination

This Policy and Assessment will be made available to staff members, students, and parents by being posted on the school district and/or school websites.

The Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010

First Reading: 24 August 2020